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New Anthracoidea, Tilletia, and Ustilago records for Turkey

SANLI KABAKTEPE & ZELIHA BAHCECIOGLU^{*}

Department of Biology, Faculty of Science and Art, Inonu University, TR 44280, Malatya, Turkey *Correspondence to: zeliha.bahcecioglu@inonu.edu.tr

ABSTRACT — Three smut taxa, Anthracoidea angulata on Carex hirta, Tilletia lolii on Lolium perenne, and Ustilago serpens on Elymus elongatus, are reported for the first time from Turkey. The morphological and microscopical features of these fungi are described based on the collected materials.

KEY WORDS - Anatolia, Ardahan, Kars, Ustilaginales

Introduction

The smut fungi (Ustilaginales) are parasites of cereals and other cultivated and natural plants, comprising more than 1400 species in approximately 70 genera (Vanky 1994).

In the last decade, reports of new records of smut fungi have greatly increased in Turkey, and 55 smut species in 9 genera have been determined for the country (Bahcecioglu & Yildiz 2005; Bahcecioglu et al. 2006; Bremer et. al. 1952; Kirbag 2003; Kabaktepe & Bahcecioglu 2006; Petrak 1953; Sahin & Tamer 1998; Sert et. al. 2004; Sert 2009). Further smut research is required, as this number is far less than the total number of potential host plants in Turkey.

This paper presents smut species collected from Kars and Ardahan provinces in northeast Turkey.

Materials & methods

Specimens were collected during the field studies in 2006-09 from Kars and Ardahan Provinces in Turkey. The host specimens were prepared according to established herbarium techniques. Spores were scraped from dried host specimens and mounted in lactophenol. The preparations were examined with an Olympus CX31 light microscope and micrographs taken with a Olympus E-330 camera. Analysis LS Starter software was used to measure at least 30 spores for each spore state. Host names follow Davis (1965-85)

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and Davis et al. (1988). Specimens are deposited in the Inonu University Herbarium (INU), Turkey. The smut species were identified using relevant literature (Mordue & Ainsworth 1984; Vanky 1994) concerning smut fungi in Europe.

Taxonomy

Anthracoidea angulata (Syd.) Boidol & Poelt, Ber. bayer. bot. Ges. 36: 23 (1963) Sori in inflorescence. Spores, angular dark brown, 12–20 × 15–28 μm wall irregularly thickened, 1.5–5 μm, verruculose.

A new smut species for Turkey, *A. angulata* is also known on *Carex hirta* from Europe and on *C. melanostachya* Willd. from Asia.

SPECIMENS EXAMINED – On *Carex hirta* L. (*Cyperaceae*). TURKEY: KARS, 10 km from Sarikamis to Horosan, 2010 m, 22.09.2006, Sanli Kabaktepe 4653 (INU 8549); ARDAHAN, Yalnizcam mountains, Bilbilan plateau, 2400 m, 18.07.2007, Sanli Kabaktepe 5422 (INU 8550).

Tilletia lolii Auersw. ex G. Winter, Rabenh. Krypt.-Fl. Ed. 2, 1(1): 109 (1881)

Sori in ovaries, covered by epidermis. Spores, globose to subglobose, 16–24 μ m, light brown, wall reticulate, reticulations 2–5 μ m wide 1.5–4 μ m deep. Sterile cells, few, globose, subglobose, 10–20 μ m, hyaline, wall 1–2 μ m.

New for Turkey, T. lolii is also known from Asia, Europe, and New Zealand.

SPECIMENS EXAMINED – On *Lolium perenne* L. (*Poaceae*). TURKEY: ARDAHAN, Posof, 2–4 km east of Kursuncavus village, 1720 m, 28.08.2008, Sanli Kabaktepe 6544 (INU 8552).

Ustilago serpens (P. Karst.) B. Lindeb., Symb. bot. upsal. 16(2): 133 (1959)

Sori in leaves, covered with epidermis. Spores globose, ellipsoidal 11–20 $\mu m,$ dark brown, wall 0.5–1 $\mu m,$ verruculose.

New for Turkey, *U. serpens* is also known from Europe, Asia, North America, and New Zealand.

SPECIMEN EXAMINED – On *Elymus elongatus* (Host) Runemark (*Poaceae*). **TURKEY**: **KARS**, 13 km from Kagizman to Kars, 1350 m, 11.06.2007, Sanli Kabaktepe 4918 (INU 8551).

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